

IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. 1. (currently amended) A method for determining whether to accept a new call to be routed from a first location to a second location via a network path in an IP network, comprising the steps of:
 4. (a) obtaining, at the first location, information relevant to the quality of service of voice calls being transmitted from [[a]] the first location to [[a]] the second location via [[an]] the IP network;
 7. (b) calculating, a parameter based on said information, a parameter indicative of a congestion status of the network path from the first location to the second location; and
 10. (c) accepting [[a]] the new call into the IP network at the first location in the case of said parameter not exceeding an upper threshold.
1. 2. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein said new call is accepted into the IP network at a reduced bandwidth in the case of said parameter exceeding a lower threshold.
1. 3. (original) The method of claim 1 where said new call is not accepted into the IP network in the case of said parameter exceeding the upper threshold.
1. 4. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein the information obtained is a number of sent packets transmitted from said first location to said second location in the IP network, wherein the number of sent packets comprises a number of lost packets, a number of late packets and a number of received packets.
1. 5. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the information obtained is a delay of received packets transmitted from said first location to said second location in the IP network.

1 6. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the information obtained is a delay
2 variation of received packets transmitted from said first location to said second location
3 in the IP network.

4 7. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the information is obtained on a
5 periodic basis.

6 8. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the information is obtained on an
7 exception basis using an immediate report.

1 9. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the parameter is identified as a packet
2 lost ratio (PLR).

1 10. (original) The method of claim 9 wherein PLR is defined as

2
$$\text{PLR} = \frac{(\text{lost packets} + \text{late packets})}{(\text{received packets} + \text{lost packets} + \text{late packets})}$$
.

1 11. (original) The method of claim 2 wherein bandwidth is reduced for a newly
2 accepted call by selecting a first encoder to encode the new voice call information in a
3 bandwidth that is smaller than bandwidths of other calls accepted in the network that
4 are encoded by a second encoder.

1 12. (previously presented) The method of claim 2 wherein the bandwidth of a newly
2 accepted call is reduced by increasing the packet size for said newly accepted voice call,
3 wherein the packet size is indicative of a size of a corresponding voice sample.

1 13. (original) The method of claim 2 wherein the bandwidth of a newly accepted call
2 is reduced by activating the characteristic of silence suppression for said newly
3 accepted voice call.

1 14. (currently amended) Apparatus comprising a gateway for interfacing voice call
2 data from a public switch telephone network to an internet protocol network,[[;]] said
3 gateway further comprising:

4 a first circuit for passing said voice call data of voice calls to the internet protocol
5 network;

6 a second circuit for polling the internet protocol network about traffic information
7 transmitted therein receiving quality-of-service information associated with voice calls
8 currently being transmitted via the first circuit; and

9 a third circuit for:

10 calculating, based on the received quality-of-service information, a
11 parameter indicative of a congestion status of a network path associated with the first
12 circuit; and

13 processing the polled information to determine determining, by comparing
14 said parameter to at least one threshold, whether the voice call data a new voice call is
15 to be accepted by into the internet protocol network via the first circuit.

1 15. (original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein said first circuit further comprises
2 one or more Ethernet cards that are connected to the internet protocol network.

1 16. (original) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein said second circuit is at least one
2 strongarm card.

1 17. (original) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein the strongarm card is connected to
2 the Ethernet card via a host CPU circuit.

1 18. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein the third circuit compares
2 a parameter based on the polled information determines whether the new voice call is to
3 be accepted into the internet protocol network via the first circuit by comparing said
4 parameter to a plurality of thresholds.

1 19. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim [[18]] 14 wherein the parameter is a
2 packet loss ratio defined as

3
$$\text{PLR} = \frac{(\text{lost packets} + \text{late packets})}{(\text{received packets} + \text{lost packets} + \text{late packets})}$$
.

- 1 20. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the third circuit compares
- 2 the packet loss ratio to a lower threshold and if the packet loss ratio is less than the
- 3 lower threshold, [[a]] the new voice call is accepted into the internet protocol network.

- 1 21. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the third circuit compares
- 2 the packet loss ratio to the lower threshold and an upper threshold, and if lower
- 3 threshold < packet loss ratio < upper threshold, [[a]] the new voice call is accepted into
- 4 the internet protocol network at a reduced bandwidth.

- 1 22. (currently amended) The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the third circuit compares
- 2 the packet loss ratio to the upper threshold, and if the packet loss ratio is greater than
- 3 the upper threshold, [[a]] the new voice call is blocked from entering the internet
- 4 protocol network.